# Introduction to JavaScript

"The worst widely used language out there in the world" - GT

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# Overview: What is JavaScript and why do we care?

Web Development

Used to make HTML dynamic and interactive



# **History of JavaScript**

Created by Brendan Eich at Netscape in 1995
Initially named Mocha, then LiveScript, finally JavaScript
Built in 10 days



# **Dynamically Typed**

Variable types are not explicitly declared and can change during execution

Static scoping: a variable's scope is determined by the variables location within the

code



#### Here it is

#### **EXAMPLE**:

```
<button type="button" onclick='document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =
"Hello JavaScript!"'>Click Me!</button>
```

button type="button" - Element

onclick - Event

getElementById("demo") - Finds the HTML element "demo"

.innerHTML = "Hello JavaScript!" - Changes the content of the element to "Hello JavaScript"

# The <script> Tag

In HTML, JavaScript is written between <script> and </script> tags

#### Example:

```
<script>
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "My First JavaScript";
</script>
```

# **JavaScript HTML Events**

Something the browser or user does

- Web page finishing loading
- Input field is changed
- Button is clicked

JavaScript allows you to execute code following an event

In the following <u>example</u>, an onClick event is added to a <button> element



#### **Common Events**

Event	Description
onchange	An HTML element has been changed
onclick	The user clicks an HTML element
onmouseover	The user moves the mouse over an HTML element
onmouseout	The user moves the mouse away from an HTML element
onkeydown	The user pushes a keyboard key
onload	The browser has finished loading the page

### **Basic Syntax - Declaring Variables**

**Var** – Don't use – Variables defined with var are globally scoped

Let — Use this one

**Const** - Use if variable is not going to change

\*Using Var, Let, or Const to initiate variables is not required, however it is good practice

#### More Syntax = vs == vs ===

- = → Assignment Operator
- == → Boolean "equal to"
- $=== \rightarrow$  Compares both value and type

#### Example:

- 0 == False // True because false and 0 hold the same boolean value
- 0 === False // False because false and 0 are different types

# **Data Types**

Number

**Strings** 

Boolean

Object

Array

```
// Numbers:
let length = 16;
let weight = 7.5;
// Strings:
let color = "Yellow";
let lastName = "Johnson";
// Booleans
let x = true;
let y = false;
// Object:
const person = {firstName:"John", lastName:"Doe"};
// Array object:
const cars = ["Saab", "Volvo", "BMW"];
// Date object:
const date = new Date("2022-03-25");
```

### Numbers (Int, Float, Double)

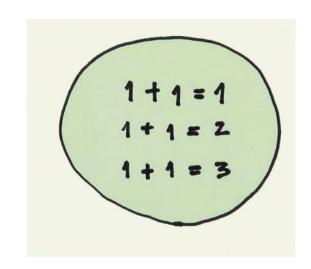
Always 64-bit Floating Point

What does this mean?

Numbers are only accurate up to 15 digits

Floating point arithmetic is not always accurate

**EXAMPLE** 



### **Strings and String Methods**

Single and double quotes both work

JavaScript supports many string methods: String length, String to UpperCase(), etc.

For string concatenation use "+" but be careful!

Here's why

#### Objects - How would we represent John in JavaScript?

First Name: John

Last Name: Doe

**Age:** 50

Eye Color: Blue



This is how

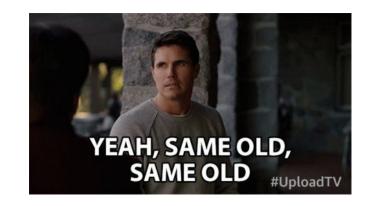
## **Arrays**

Similar to arrays in other languages

Allows the storage of multiple values in one variable

Access values by index

**EXAMPLE** 



#### **More Basics**

Loops

<u>For</u>

**While** 

**Switch Statements** 

If/Else

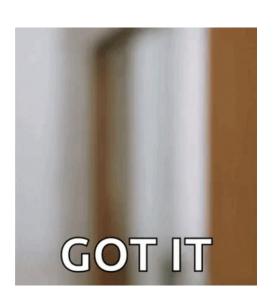


#### **Functions**

Parameters and return values

#### **Example**

```
// Function to compute the product of p1 and p2
function myFunction(p1, p2) {
  return p1 * p2;
}
```



#### **Calling Functions**

let text = "The temperature is " + toCelsius(77) + " Celsius";

#### Common library - jQuery

**Events** – Visitors' actions that a web page can respond to

**Selectors** –Select and manipulate HTML elements

#### **EXAMPLE**

```
$(document).ready(function(){
$("button").click(function(){
 $("p").hide();
});
});
("button").click - Event
"p" - Selector
.hide() - Action
```

#### **Sources**

https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/JavaScript/History of JavaScript - History of JavaScript

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Brendan Eich - Information/Photo about Brendan Eich

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js\_intro.asp - JavaScript Tutorial

https://www.w3schools.com/jquery/default.asp - JQuery