Administrivia

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- **Lecture Hours**: M, W 10L10--11:30  
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  **Course Web site**: [https://cs.brynmawr.edu/cs337](https://cs.brynmawr.edu/cs337)
Algorithms:
Truth, Beauty & Engineering

• Truth
  – History
  – Ethics

• Beauty
  – Elegance
  – Communication

• Engineering
  – Tricks of the trade
  – Eyes open to the world
Algorithm

• "A computer algorithm is a set of steps to accomplish a task that is described precisely enough that a computer can run it." (Cormen, pg 1)
Algorithm Desiderata

• "We want two things from a computer algorithm
  • correctness
  • efficiency

(Cormen, pg 2)
Correctness and Efficiency

• Is correctness always required?
  • is it even possible?

• Define "efficiently"
Class Exercise

• Write an algorithm for delivering a piece of paper into a frustrum
  • Constraints:
    • The frustrum is oriented with smaller side down
      • The larger end of the frustrum is open.
    • The deliverer may not get within 2 meters of the frustrum.
    • The approach, when implemented, must have at least a 90% success rate.
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Beauty

Protobytes
Ira Greenberg
Jellyfish.01
2004
Elegance

**Gordon Bell**: The cheapest, fastest and most reliable components are those that aren’t there. (Later paraphrased by Musk -- "The best part is no part")

**Antoine de Saint Exupéry**: A designer knows he has arrived at perfection not when there is no longer anything to add, but when there is no longer anything to take away.

**Albert Einstein**: Everything should be made as simple as possible, but no simpler.
A Problem

Count the number of occurrences of all characters in a file.

Write an algorithm for this task
A C++ Program

// count # occurrences of all characters in a file
// written: 8/5/94, Owen Astrachan, modified 5/1/99

void Print(const tvector<int> & counts, int total);
void Count(istream & input, tvector<int> & counts, int & total);

int main()
{
int totalAlph = 0;
string filename = PromptString("enter name of input file: ");
ifstream input(filename.c_str());
if (input.fail() ){
    cout << "could not open file " << filename << endl;
    exit(1);
}
tvector<int> charCounts(CHAR_MAX+1,0);  // all initialized to 0
Count(input,charCounts,totalAlph);
Print(charCounts,totalAlph);
return 0;
}

void Count(istream & input, tvector<int> & counts, int & total)
// precondition: input open for reading
// postcondition: counts[k] = # occurrences of character k
// total = # alphabetic characters
{
char ch;
while (input.get(ch)) // read a character
{
    if (isalpha(ch)) // is alphabetic (a-z)?
    {
        total++;
    }
    ch = tolower(ch); // convert to lower case
    counts[ch]++;
}
}

void Print(const tvector<int> & counts, int total)
// precondition: total = total of all entries in counts[a]..counts[z]
// postcondition: all counts from 'a' to 'z' printed
{
    const int MIDALPH = 13;
    cout.setf(ios::fixed); // print 1 decimal place
    cout.precision(1);
    char k;  // a' k <= 'm'; k++
    for(k = 'a'; k <= 'm'; k++)
    {
        cout << k << setw(7) << counts[k] << " ";
        cout << setw(4) << 100 * double(counts[k])/total << ";
        cout << char(k+MIDALPH) << setw(7) << counts[k+MIDALPH] << " ";
        cout << setw(4) << 100 * double(counts[k+MIDALPH])/total << ";
        cout << endl;
    }
}
A Longer Program

The code is 3 1/2 pages long

Contains these Functions:

main, CountLetters, CountLettersInString, RecordLetter, DisplayLetterCounts, LetterIndex, ClearIntegerArray
func main() {
    var m [1000]int
    reader := bufio.NewReader(os.Stdin)
    for {
        rune, n, err := reader.ReadRune()
        if err != nil || n==0 {
            break
        }
        m[rune] = m[rune]+1
    }
    for i,v := range m {
        if (v!=0) {
            fmt.Printf("%c %4d\n", i,v)
        }
    }
}
func main() {
    m := make(map[rune]int)
    reader := bufio.NewReader(os.Stdin)
    for {
        rune, n, err := reader.ReadRune()
        if err != nil || n==0 {
            break
        }
        m[rune] = m[rune]+1
    }
    println(m)
}
Comparing v1 and v2

- Algorithmically equivalent (?)
- v1 might crash
- v1 is faster
  - 640.260362ms vs 3877.255929ms on an 18M file
Communication

• How to talk about algorithms & computing?
• How to write about it?
• How to do presentations?
• How to exchange ideas?
Vigorous writing is concise. A sentence should contain no unnecessary words, a paragraph no unnecessary sentences, for the same reason that a drawing should have no unnecessary lines and a machine no unnecessary parts. This requires not that the writer make all sentences short or avoid all detail and treat subjects only in outline, but that every word tell.
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A Quiz

• A TV Commercial
  – “U.S. college students eat 60 million slices of pizza per month.”
  – Is this reasonable?

• How much does a one-hour college lecture cost?

• A program sorts 1 million integers in one second. How long to sort 2 million? 10 Million?

• How long will an exhaustive search take to solve a TSP of size 10? 20? 30?
• Given an array, \( A \) of \( n \) integers arranged in ascending order, and an integer \( x \):

\[
\text{search}(A, n, x) = \begin{cases} 
  i, \text{ such that } A[i] = n \\
  -1, \text{ otherwise}
\end{cases}
\]