



# CS 113 – Computer Science I

## Lecture 2 – Data Types, Variables, Expressions

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# Announcements

- Assignment 00 – due Monday night
  - Survey
  - Fortune.java
  - Errors
  - *What is CS: Not about Computers, Not Science*
- Office hours:
  - Prof Poliak – Today 2:30-3:30pm (Park 200C/D)
  - TAs: still TBD

# Policies

- Weekly homeworks:
  - No late assignments will be accepted
    - Reach out earlier for an extension if needed (email)
    - Emergencies happy, I'll work with you
  - Dropping lowest homework
- Labs:
  - Graded solely on effort
  - Checkpoints throughout the lab where the TA needs to check off your work
  - Allowing 1 unexcused absence
  - Partners
    - Switch partners every 3 weeks



# Agenda

- Announcements
- Recap
- Data Types
- Variables
- Expressions
- Operators

# What are the errors here?

```
public clas SyntaxErrors {  
  
    public static void main(String args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World);  
  
    }  
}
```

# A simple java program

```
1 // A java program to print a message
2 public class HelloWorld {
3
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         // Prints out message to standard output
6         System.out.println("Hello World!");
7     }
8 }
-
```

# Recap

- Print a message to output  
`System.out.println("Hello World!");`
- Terminal commands
  - List files
    - `ls`
  - Move directories
    - `Cd`
  - Print the path to working directory
    - `pwd`
  - Compile a java program
    - `javac <java file>`
  - Run a java program
    - `java <class name>`

# Data Types

- Way to store information in programs
- `int`: whole numbers
- `double`: numbers with decimal points
- `String`: anything between quotations



# Variables - Holders for values

- `String greeting;`

- Creates a variable called “greeting” that can store a string

- `int a, b, c;`

- Creates 3 variables that can store integers

- `a = 3;`

Assignment statement

- `int d = 10;`

Declaration & Assignment statement  
Best Practice!

Declaration  
statements:  
Do not store any value

# Variables - Holders for values

- `String greeting;`

- Creates a variable called “greeting” that can store a string

- `int a, b, c;`

- Creates 3 variables that can store integers

- `a = 3;`

- `int d = 10;`



What are these (3 & 10 ) called?

# Variables - Holders for values

- `String greeting;`

- Creates a variable called “greeting” that can store a string

- `int a, b, c;`

- Creates 3 variables that can store integers

- `a = 3;`

- `int d = 10;`



These values are called  
“literals”

# Properties of Variables

Variables have the following properties:

- Names
- Type of Data
- Location
  - Where on the computer the variable is stored

Example:

```
String greeting;
```



Name

Type of data

# Printing Variables

- `int d = 10;`
- Creates 3 variables that can store integers

# Variable Examples

a	b	c
-	-	-

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`

a	b	c
-	-	-

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-



# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
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# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`
- `b = a;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`
- `b = a;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"
3	3	"Serena"

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`
- `b = a;`
- `a = 5;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"
3	3	"Serena"

# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`
- `b = a;`
- `a = 5;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"
3	3	"Serena"



# Variable Examples

- `int a, b;`
- `String c = "Serena";`
- `a = 3;`
- `b = a;`
- `a = 5;`

a	b	c
undefined	undefined	-
undefined	undefined	"Serena"
3	undefined	"Serena"
5	3	"Serena"

# Rules for naming variables

- Case sensitive
- Can't:
  - start with a number
  - Contain special characters: \*, +, -, /, %, \$, #, etc.
  - No spaces
  - Special words:
    - `String, int, main, for, while, ...`

# Converting Types (Numbers)

- Double to integer:
  - `(int) 3.14;`
  - `int a = (int) 3.14; //` Store the converted double in a var
- Storing an integer as a double:
  - `double b = 6;`

# Converting Types (Strings & Numbers)

- Integer to String

- `int a = 23;`

- `String numMajors = String.valueOf(a);`

- String to integer

- `int x = Integer.parseInt("40");`

- String to double

- `double a = Double.parseDouble("40.11");`

# Operators & Expressions

- Examples of operators:

- $+$ ,  $-$ ,  $/$ ,  $*$ ,  $\%$

- Expression

- $55 + c$



Operator

Operands

# Order of operations

- $24 + 10 / 2;$
- $(24 + 10) / 2;$
  
- Operations between floats and ints:
  - $1 / 3$
  - $1 / 3.0$

# String Operators (Textbook: 2.8)

What is the term for combining strings together?

- Concatenation

What is the concatenation operator?

- +

# Exercise:

Expression	Value	Data Type
-4		
3.76		
"42.64"		
10 + 3.3		
9 - 5 * 1		
"hot" + "dog"		



# Exercise: Miles to Kilometers

- java MilesToKMs

50 miles is 80 kilometers

# Summary

- Data Types
- Variables
- Memory diagrams
- Operators