

Inheritance Lab

1. Declare all the necessary classes in order to make the following driver program work properly (steps have been broken down for you in the sub-parts). You are not allowed to change the driver program in any way. For example, this is a sample output that is acceptable:

Generally, a Dolphin can be found in water, it can not lay eggs, and is often overheard saying 'ak, ak, ak, ak'

Generally, a Platypus can be found on land, it can lay eggs, and is often overheard saying 'errrr'

Generally, a Human can be found on land, it can not lay eggs, and is often overheard saying 'I'll take a grande latte with a double-shot of espresso'

Generally, a CSStudent can be found on land, it can not lay eggs, and is often overheard saying 'I love programming!'

```
void setup() {
    Mammal[] mammals = new Mammal[4];
    mammals[0] = new Dolphin();
    mammals[1] = new Platypus();
    mammals[2] = new Human();
    mammals[3] = new CSStudent();

    for (int i=0; i< mammals.length; i++){
        print("Generally, a " + mammals[i].getName());
        print(" can be found ");
        if(mammals[i].livesInWater() == false){
            print("on land, ");
        }
        else {
            print("in water, ");
        }

        print("it can ");
        if(mammals[i].laysEggs() == false) {
            print("not ");
        }
        print("lay eggs, and is often overheard saying '");
        mammals[i].speak();
        println("'");
    }
}
```

- a. Declare a new class called `Mammal` with the following members:
 - i. Two `String` instance variables called `name` and `sound`
 - ii. A constructor that accepts two `String` parameters (`name` and `sound`) and saves values in the corresponding instance variables
 - iii. A void method `speak()` that prints the object's `sound` to the console area,
 - iv. A boolean method `laysEggs()` that returns `false`
 - v. A boolean method `livesInWater()` that returns `false`.
 - vi. A "getter" `String` method `getName()` that returns the object's `name` instance variable value;
- b. Declare a new class called `Platypus` that extends `Mammal`. Override methods as appropriate.
- c. Declare a new class called `Dolphin` that extends `Mammal`. Override methods as appropriate.
- d. Declare a new class called `Human` that extends `Mammal`. Override methods as appropriate.
- e. Declare a new class called `CSStudent` that extends `Human`. Override methods as appropriate.

2. Trace the following code. (Draw a table with the appropriate variables and instance variables.) What are the intermediate values of each array element? Show what is printed in the correct order.

```
class A {
    int x;
    A(int x) {
        this.x = x;
    }
    void b(int i){};
}
class B extends A {
    B(int y) {
        super(y * y);
        println(x);
    }
    void b(int i){
        x = x + i;
    };
}

A[] array;

void setup() {
    array = new A[3];
    for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
        if (i % 2 == 0) {
            array[i] = new A(i);
        } else {
            array[i] = new B(i);
        }
    }
    for (int j = 10; j < 13; j++) {
        int k = j % array.length;
        array[k].b(j);
        println(array[k].x);
    }
}
```