### CMSC 373 Artificial Intelligence Fall 2025 19-NNsForNLP

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### **Language Processing & Understanding**

 Building systems to use and understand language are among Al's most difficult challenges:

Language is inherently ambiguous What about the bill?

Language understanding is deeply dependent on context "Fire!"

Language understanding requires a lot of background knowledge *The hamburger was rare.* 

# Classic Sound Waves Phonology Morphology Syntax Semantics Pragmatics Pragmatics Pragmatics Pragmatics Pragmatics Pragmatics Meaning Meaning Meaning in context NLP/NLU Approaches

• Used linguistics knowledge:

Syntax – the structure of sentences (grammar)

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm S} \rightarrow {\rm NP\ VP} \\ {\rm NP} \rightarrow {\rm Pronoun\ |\ Proper-Noun\ |\ Det\ Noun} \\ {\rm VP} \rightarrow {\rm Verb\ |\ Verb\ NP\ |\ Verb\ NP\ PP\ |\ Verb\ PP} \\ {\rm etc.} \end{array}$ 

The cat drank the milk
(S (NP (Det The) (Noun cat))
(VP (Verb drank) (NP (Det the) (Noun hat))))

Semantics – the meaning of a sentence (Logic, semantic nets, etc) in(cat34, hat21)

Pragmatics – Using some kind of contextual knowledge

It is cold in this room (i.e. Turn on the damn heat!)

It is impossible to capture all the subtleties of language!



Speech

Recognition

Speech

More

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### Statistical Approaches to NLP (1990s)

- Big data of text widely available
- Can ML/DL + big data help with NLU/NLP?
- Success in Speech Recognition (2012)
   Led to products like Google Assistant, Alexa, Siri, etc.
- Still not quite robust (90-95% accuracy in absence of noise)

I love mousse.
The bareheaded man needed a hat.

I love moose.
The bear headed man needed a hat.

• The first 90% takes 10% of time, the last 10% takes 90% of the time!

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I Love mousse

### Applications of NNs to NLP

- Text Classification What is the topic of this text?
- Content Filtering
  Does this text contain abuse?
- Sentiment Analysis
  Does this text sound positive or negative?
- Language Modeling What should be the next word in this incomplete sentence?
- Translation How would you say this in German?
- Summarization
   How would you summarize this text in one paragraph?

Output transportation Yes/No H/- W बिल्ली चटाई पर बैठ गई summary

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### Requirements for using NNs for Text

Preparing/Preprocessing of text

**Standardize** (removing punctuation, convert to lowercase, etc.) **Tokenize** (splitting text into units (tokens): chars, words, groups of words, etc.

 NNs require inputs to be numerical (a vector) How to represent text as vectorized input?

- Inputs to a NN have a fixed number of units (size of input layer)
   How to make text/sentences conform to a fixed size input?
- Word order in text/sentence is important How to address the issue of word sequencing in NN?

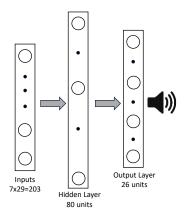
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### NETtalk (1987) – Text to Speech

- A classic backpropagation network
- Inputs: 7 groups of 29 units
   Each group is 1 character represented using one-hot encoding.

29 chars: a..z, comma, period, space (word boundary)

- Outputs: 26 units for phonemes The phonemes are input into a voice box
- A total of 18,629 parameters
- Used a 20,000 word vocabulary
- Demo: <a href="https://youtu.be/gakJlr3GecE">https://youtu.be/gakJlr3GecE</a>
- Network generalized well to pronounce unseen words



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### Requirements for using NNs for Text

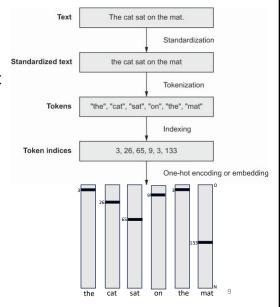
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### Text as Vectors: One Hot Encoding

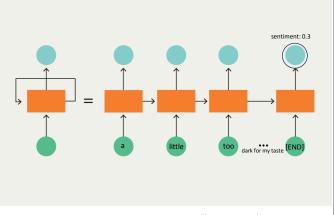
- Create a fixed sized (say N = 20,000 words) vocabulary of the most frequent words in the text. Assign each word an index (1..N). Index 0 is reserved for out of vocabulary (OOV) words ("UNK").
- Vectorize: Use an input vector of size N (of 0/1s) for each word with a 1 in the index location of the word.



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### **Recurrent Neural Networks**

- Handle sequences of words
- Words (word vectors) are input one word at a time until the end of the sentence.
- The recurrent layer enables the network to remember the context of the sequence of words.
- The network encodes an input sentence [Encoder Network]



From: https://images.app.goo.gl/tVVcHFXkPpMWUnGg6

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### **IMDB Movie Review Sentiment Classification**

 25,000 reviews for training, 25,000 for testing (50% positive and 50% negative)

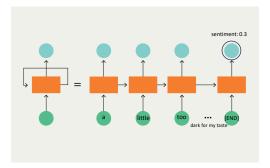
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The plot is heavy, and the sense of humor is largely missing.

A little too dark for my taste.

It felt as if the producers tried to make it as disturbing and horrific as they possibly could.

Temple of Doom's character development and humor is intensely subpar.
```

- Each review is truncated to 600 words Each input review is then 600 one-hot vectors (20,000 length). That is 12 million values for each review!
- Doable but very slow.
- Can we do better?



From: https://images.app.goo.gl/tVVcHFXkPpMWUnGg6

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### RNN Model with One-Hot Encoding

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, , ,	•
one, 64)	5128448
one, 64)	0
one, 1)	65
	one, 64)

Total params: 5128513 (19.56 MB) Trainable params: 5128513 (19.56 MB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

After ~1.5 epochs (> 5 hours): Accuracy: 87.1%

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## Text/Words as Vectors One Hot Encoding: Issues

- Early (prior to 2010) NNs used them with limited success.
- Results in too large an input vector: N-Dimensional (N=20000,30000)
- · One-hot encoding results in a N orthogonal vectors in an N-dimensional geometric space.
- It is as if each word has no relationship with another word.
- No way to capture (semantic) relationships between words:

I hated the movie. I abhorred the film.

I laughed out loud... I appreciated the humor...

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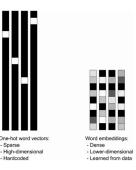
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### Word Embeddings – Semantic Space of Words

- Geometric relationship between two words (i.e the vector encoding) should reflect the semantic relationship between two words.
- Wolf × × Tiger

  Dog × × Cat

  0 × 1
- Word embeddings are vector representations of words that map words into a structured geometric space.
- Word embeddings result in low-dimensional vectors.
- They can be learned from data!



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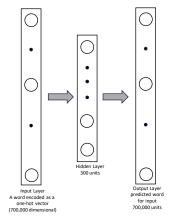
### Word2Vec (2013)

- Developed at Google
- Used a NN to learn vectors for all vocabulary words (in Google News service corpus). N=700,000
- Discarded stop words (e.g. the, of, and, etc.)
- · Created pairs of words:

a man went into a restaurant and ordered a hamburger

- -> man went into restaurant ordered hamburger -> (man, went), (went, into), (into, restaurant),... (went, man), (into, went), (restaurant, into),...
- Train a NN to predict what words are likely to be paired with a given input word.

Input: a word encoded as a one-hot vector (700000 dimensional). Output: a word prediction as a one-hot vector



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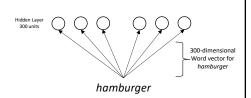
### Word2Vec (2013)

- Once training is completed, extract the learned weight vector for any word in the vocabulary.
- · The collection of word vectors for all the words is the learned semantic space.
- Enables NNs to do well for NLP tasks.
- Question: What do these word vectors actually capture? Does the "Semantic space" learned by the NN actually capture the semantic

France: Spain, Belgium, Netherlands, Italy, etc.

Hamburger: burger, cheeseburger, sandwich, hot dog, taco, and fries.

See Word Embedding Demo: https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~dst/WordEmbeddingDemo/



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#### Word2Vec Biases

- Man is to woman as computer programmer is to \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. Woman is to man as computer programmer is to \_\_\_\_\_?
- 3. Man is to genius as woman is to \_\_\_\_\_?
- 4. Woman is to genius as man is to ?

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### Word2Vec Biases

- Man is to woman as computer programmer is to\_home maker\_?
- 2. Woman is to man as computer programmer is to mechanical engineer ?
- 3. Man is to genius as woman is to \_muse\_?
- 4. Woman is to genius as man is to \_geniuses\_?

Challenge: How to de-bias word vectors??

"thought vectors": Instead of encoding words, encode entire sentences, paragraphs, documents?

### **Learning Word Embeddings**

- There is no perfect word embedding that is applicable to any task
- · Word embedding for different languages will be different
- Recognizing that word embedding for a specific task say, IMDB Movie Reviews, will look different from the word embedding for another task say, legal document classification.
- It is possible to learn a new embedding for every new task. Learning word embedding can be integrated into the NN's overall task.
- It is also possible to use a pre-trained word embedding. Word2Vec is one such embedding. GloVe (Global Vectors for Word Representation, Stanford University, 2014)

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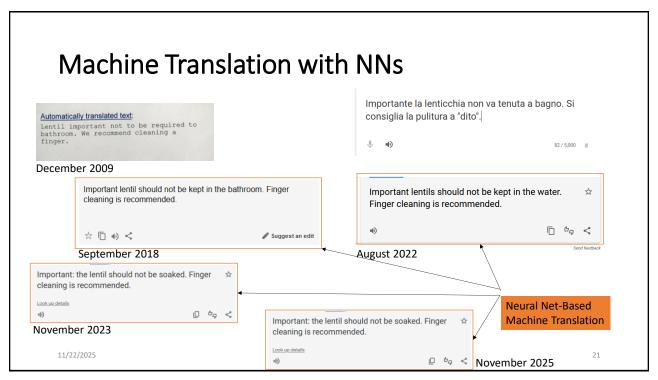
### RNN Model with Embedding

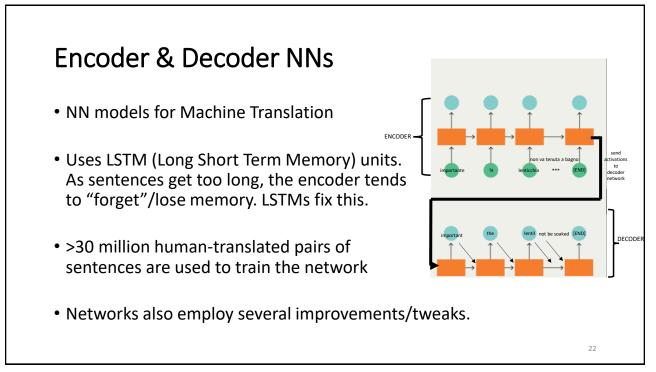
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_4 (InputLayer)	[(None, None)]	0
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, None, 256)	5120000
bidirectional_2 (Bidirectional)	(None, 64)	73984
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	65
Total params: 5194049 (19.81 Trainable params: 5194049 (1 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.0	9.81 MB)	

After 10 epochs (~2 hours): Accuracy: 98.7%, Validation Accuracy: 87%

It is also possible to use pre-built word embeddings (like Word2Vec, GLoVe, etc.)

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#### Vocabulary

Encoding De-Biasing Decoding Geometric Space GLoVe Language Modeling LSTM **NETtalk** One-Hot Encoding OOV Words **Pragmatics** RNNs Syntax Semantic Space Semantics Sentiment Analysis Standardizing Summarization **Text Classification Thought Vectors** Tokenizing Translation Vectorizing Word Embedding Word2Vec

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### References

- F. Chollet: Deep Learning with Python, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edityion. Manning. 2021.
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- M. Wooldridge: A Brief History of Artificial Intelligence. Flatiron Books, 2020.
- Monte Carlo Tree Search. Wikipedia. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Monte\_Carlo\_tree\_search (11/2023)
- Word Embedding Demo: https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~dst/WordEmbeddingDemo/