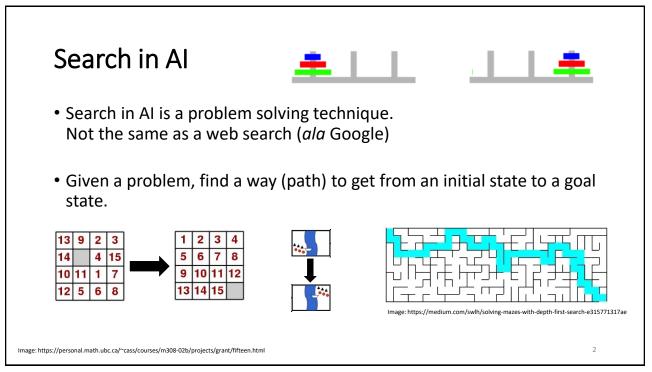
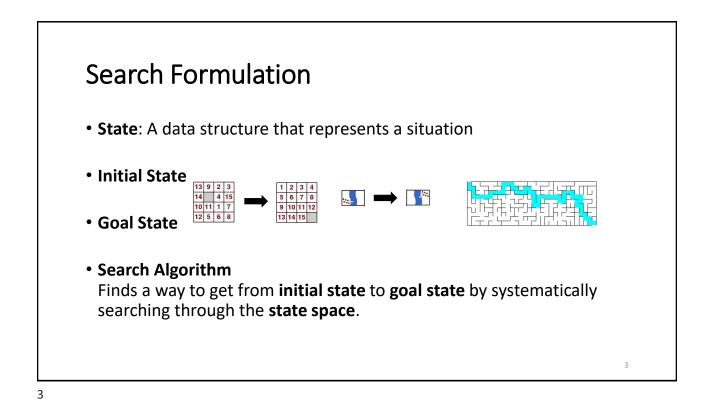
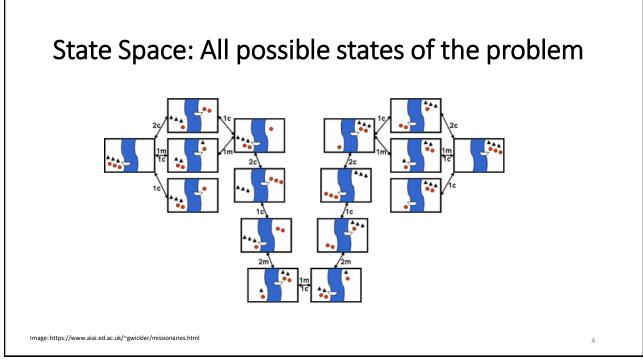
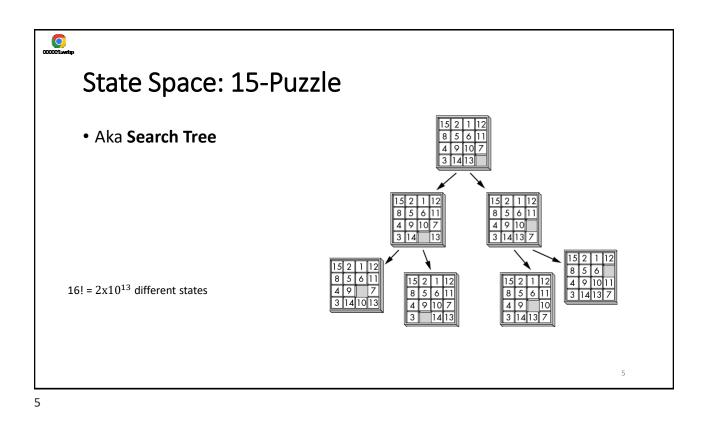
# CMSC 373 Artificial Intelligence Fall 2023 04-Problem Solving & Search

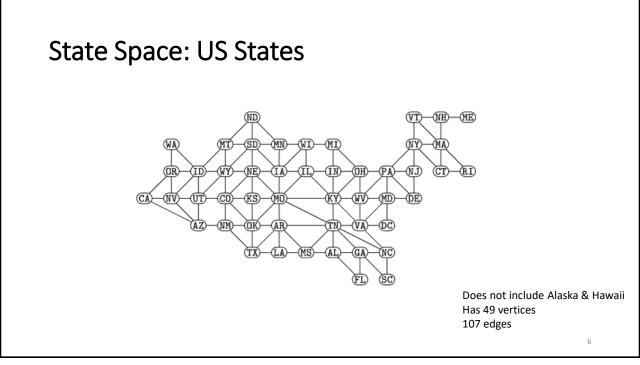
Deepak Kumar Bryn Mawr College

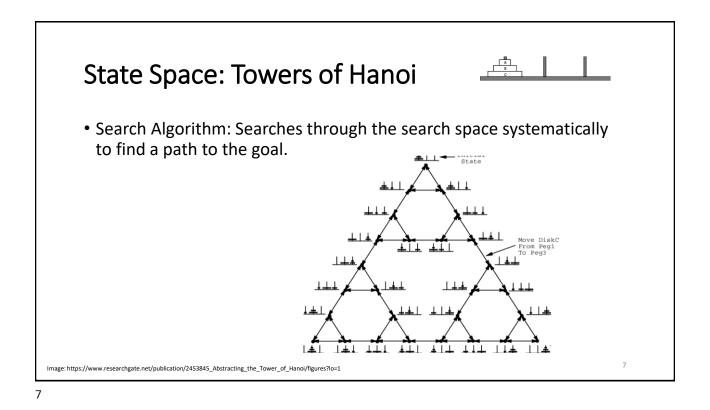




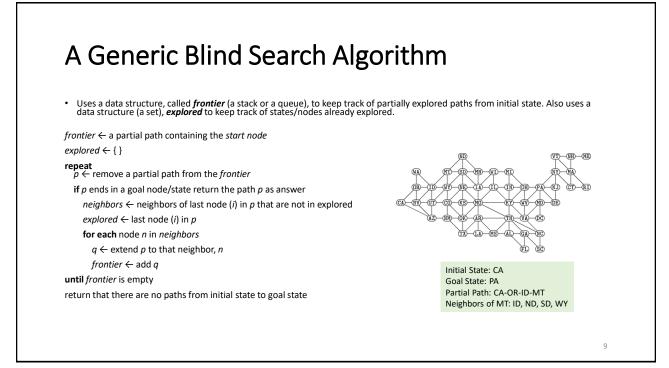


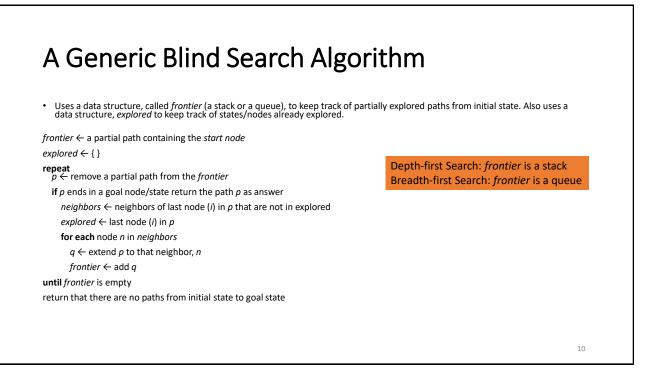


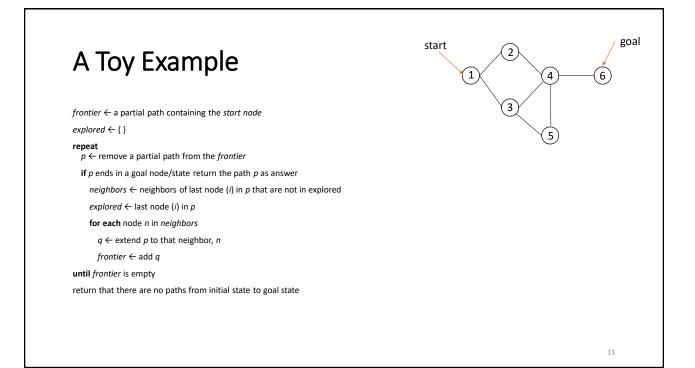


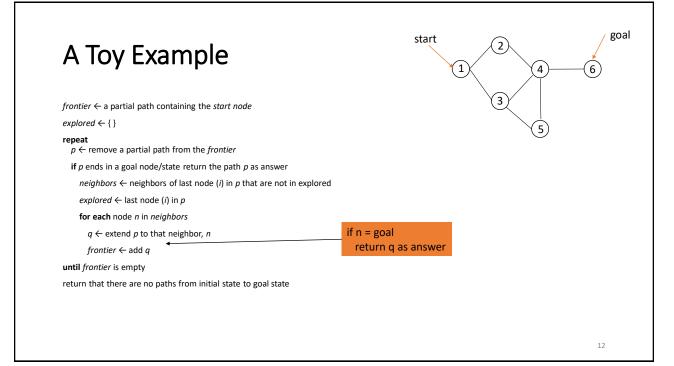


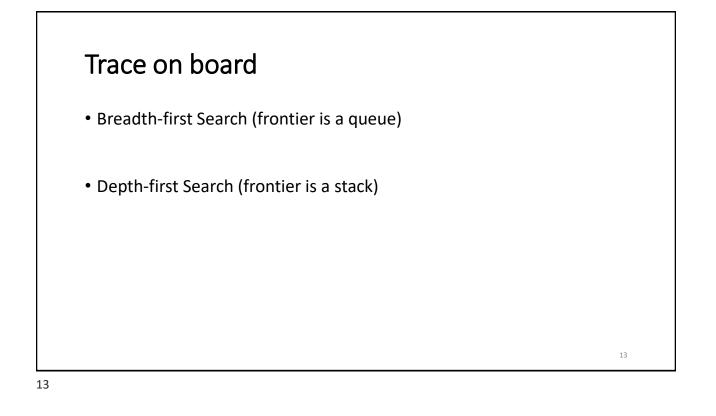
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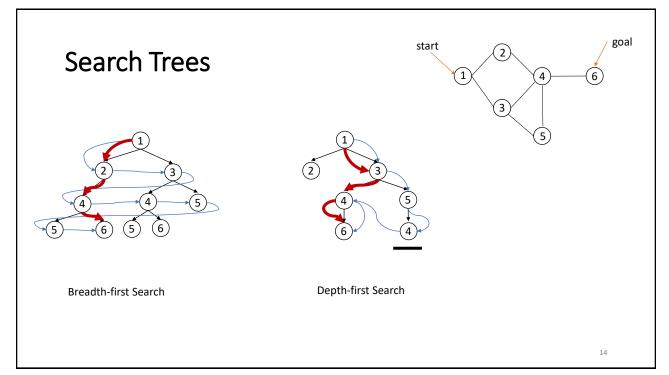


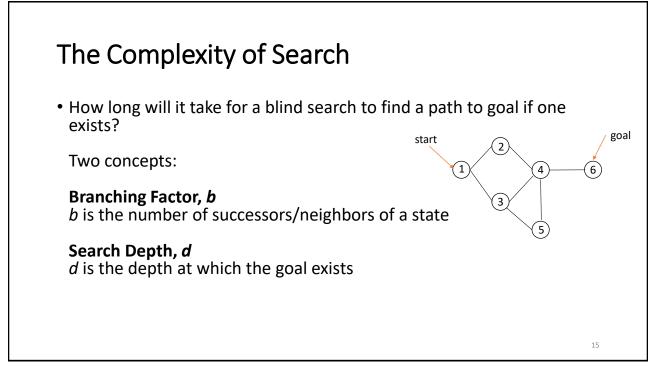




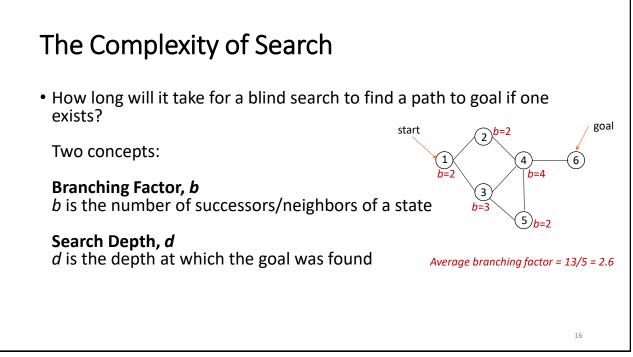


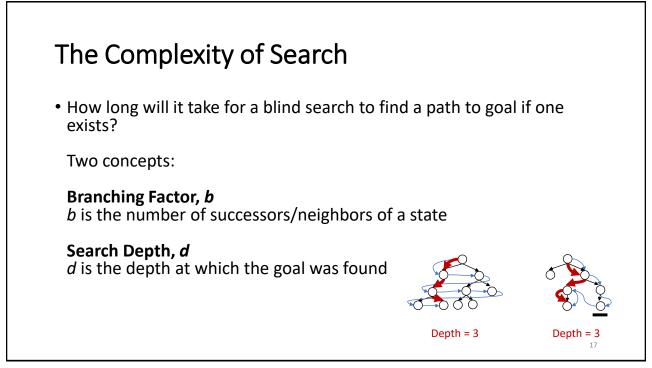




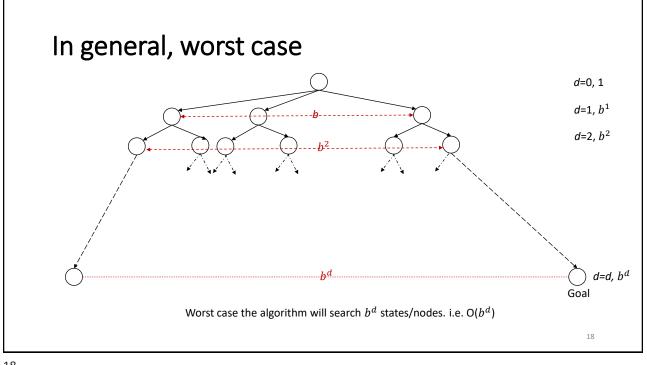


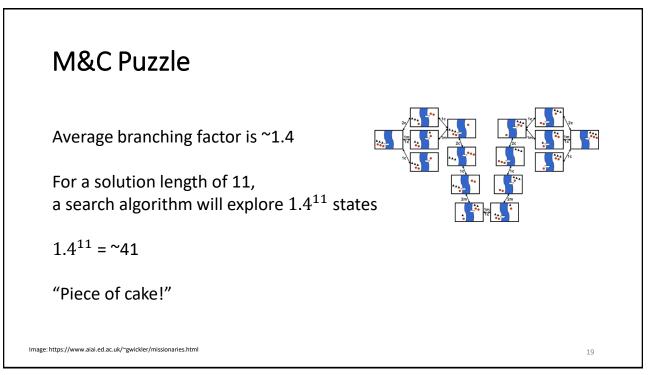


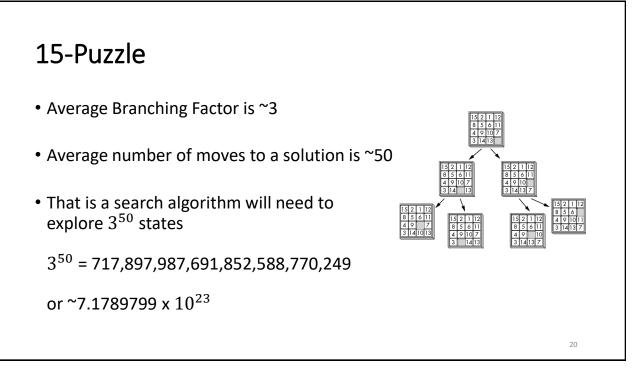


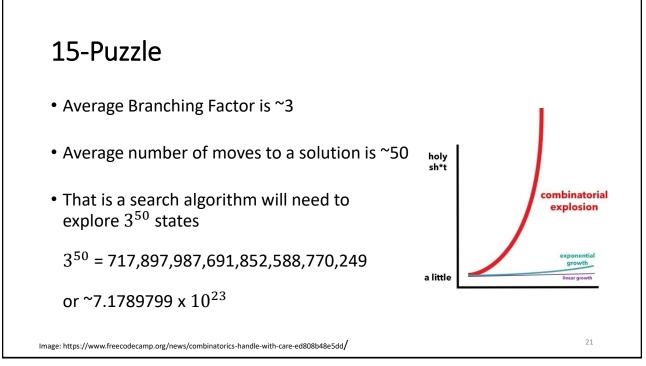




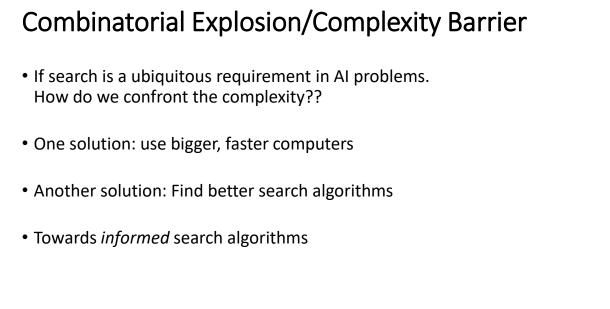






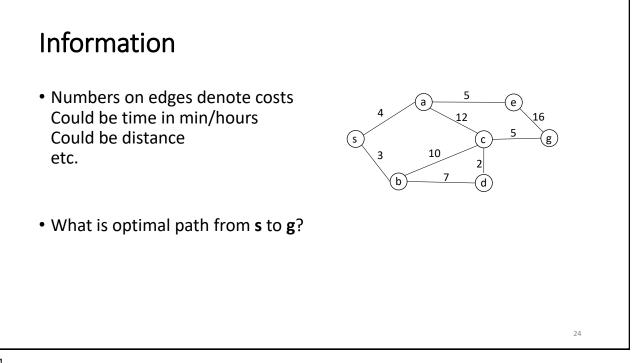


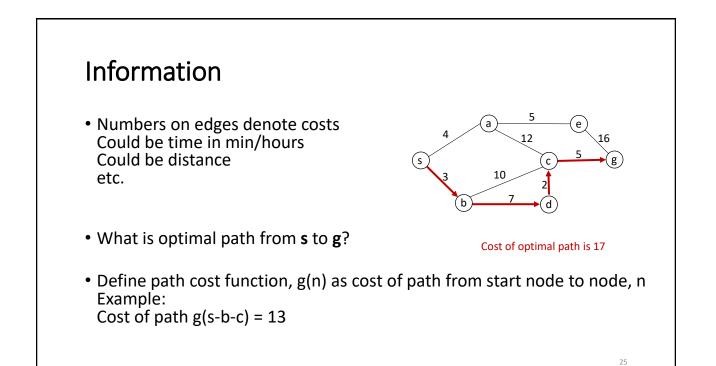


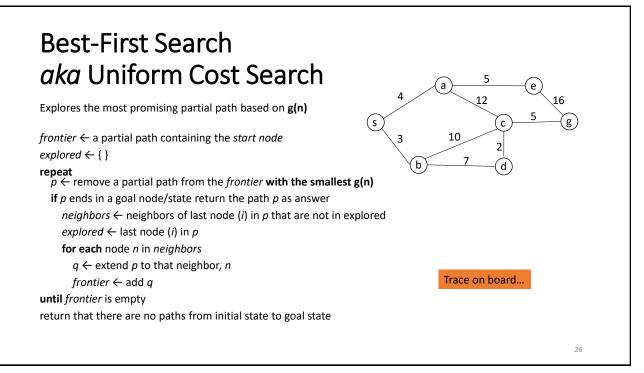


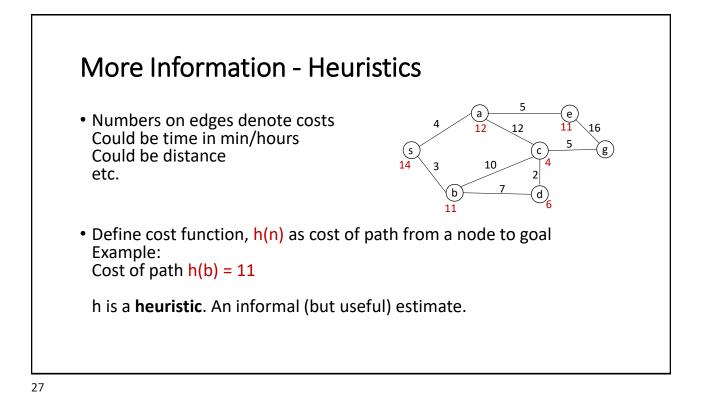
Informed Search Algorithms	
<ul> <li>Try to use additional information available in the problem specs More efficient than blind searches</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Provide an optimal solution (if one exists)</li> </ul>	
Examples of information:	
Solutions/Actions may have an associated cost: a measure of distance, number of moves, amount of time, \$cost,	
May make use of <b>heuristic</b> measures estimate of remaining distance/cost/time (but not exact!)	
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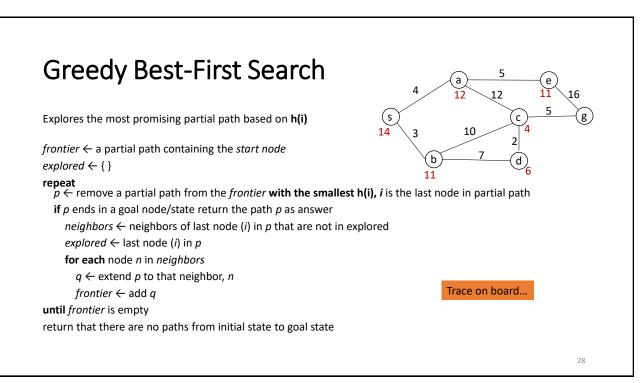




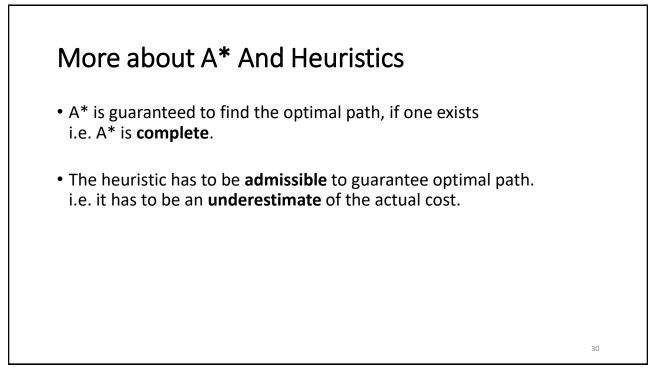


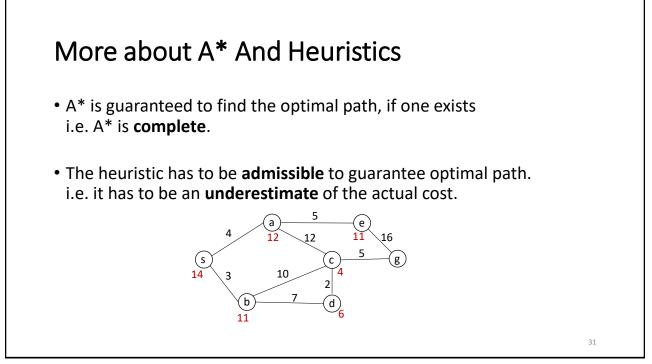






A*Search	$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{11}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$
Explores the most promising partial path based on total cost $f(i) = g(i) + h(i)$	
frontier $\leftarrow$ a partial path containing the start node	· ·
$explored \leftarrow \{\}$	
repeat $p \leftarrow$ remove a partial path from the <i>frontier</i> with the smallest f(i), i is the last node in partial part	
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# Applications of A\*

- Robotics Path planning
- Problem Solving Puzzles
- GPS Navigation
- And many many more!

## Key Ideas

- Problem Solving as search
- Combating combinatorial explosion
- Using heuristics
- Many applications

## References

- M. Wooldridge: A Brief History of Artificial Intelligence. Flatiron Books, 2020.
- Nils Nilsson, Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis, Morgan Kauffman, 1998.