

1. Prove that if m is an even integer, then $m + 7$ is odd. Do this proof in three ways: direct proof, proof by contraposition and proof by contradiction.
2. Using proof by contradiction, prove that $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}, 4 \nmid (n^2 + 2)$
3. Using induction, prove that for all integers $n \geq 1, 2^{2^n} - 1$ is divisible by 3, i.e. $3 \mid 2^{2^n} - 1$
4. Given sets $A, B,$ and C in the same universe, determine if each of the following statements is true or false. If it is true, then prove it. If it is false, then give a counter example.
 - (a) $C \subseteq A \wedge C \subseteq B \rightarrow C \subseteq A \cup B$
 - (b) $C \subseteq A \cup B \rightarrow C \subseteq A \wedge C \subseteq B$
 - (c) $\overline{A} \cap (A \cup B) = B \setminus A$
5. Prove that given a set S , the cardinality of its power set is $2^{|S|}$.
6. Prove that if a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n are n distinct real numbers, exactly $n - 1$ multiplications are needed to compute the product of these n numbers, no matter how parentheses are inserted into their product.
7. For each of the following, give a *recursive* definition. Remember to indicate the initial terms or base:

(a) $a_n = \sum_{i=0}^n i$

- (b) The sequence that generates the terms 3, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96, 192, ...
 - (c) The set of non-negative even numbers
 - (d) The set of all even numbers
8. Find explicit formulae for the following recursively defined sequences, and prove correctness using induction.
 - (a) $a_k = k - a_{k-1}, \forall k \geq 1, a_0 = 0.$
 - (b) $a_k = 2a_{k-2}, \forall k \geq 2, a_0 = 1, a_1 = 2.$
 9. Prove the correctness of the following algorithm:

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[Pre-condition: i=1 and sum=0]
while(i<=100)
  sum := sum + i
  i := i + 1
end while
[Post-condition: sum = 1 + 2 + ... + 100]
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State your loop invariant clearly.

10. Given the following recursive definition of a set S :
 - Basis: $\lambda \in S$
 - Recursive: $x \in S \rightarrow axa \in S$

Prove using structural induction, that $\forall s \in S, |s|$ is even.