

Lab 5

1. Download `PostfixEvaluator.java` from `~dxu/handouts/labs`. Study the code. Test it using `TestPostfixEvaluator.java`. Write a Java program to convert a postfix expression to a parenthesized infix expression. Read a postfix expression from the user. Convert the postfix expression to infix and display it to the user. The operators to be considered are `+`, `-`, `*`, `/`, `%`. This program should be very similar to `PostfixEvaluator.java`.

Sample Input 1

```
5 6 + 9 *
```

Output

```
( ( 5 + 6 ) * 9 )
```

Sample Input 2

```
8 9 10 + *
```

Output

```
( 8 * ( 9 + 10 ) )
```

2. Implement a `DoubleStack` class such that
 - a single underlying array stores two different stacks (stack 1 and stack 2), one grows from index 0 upward, one grows from the end of the array down. So these two stacks grow towards each other. The top indexes are denoted by `top1` and `top2` for stack 1 and stack 2, respectively. Thus, there are three instance variables: `E[] theArray`, `int top1`, `int top2`
 - `theArray` locations 0 to `top1` contain elements in stack 1 and `theArray` locations `theArray.length-1` down to `top2` stores the elements in stack 2.
 - Write methods
 - `push(int stackId, E e)`: push `e` onto stack `stackId` (1 or 2). In other words, it will push onto stack 1 if `stackId==1` and onto stack 2 if `stackId==2`. Throw an `IllegalStateException` if stack is full - for now.
 - `E pop(int stackId)`: pop from `stackId`, return null if empty.
 - `E top(int stackId)`: top element from `stackId`, return null if empty.
 - `int size(int stackId)`: return size of stack `stackId`
 - `boolean isEmpty(int stackId)`
 - `printStack(int stackId)`

that will implement the `push`, `pop`, `top`, `size`, `isEmpty`, and `printStack` operations for the stack given by parameter `stackId` (1 for stack 1, 2 for stack 2)

3. Change `push` so that if the array gets full, instead of throwing an exception, resize the array to double size.