1) (15 pts) The following program moves a randomly located and randomly colored square from the upper left to the lower right corner of the sketch, wrapping at the boundaries. Expand the program to do the same for 50 rectangles, randomly placed with random colors. Use arrays.

```java
int x;
int y;
color c;

void setup() {
  size(500, 500);
  x = int( random(width) );
  y = int( random(height) );
  c = color( random(255), random(255), random(255) );
}

void draw() {
  background(255);
  x = (x + 1) % width;
  y = (y + 1) % height;
  fill( c );
  rect(x, y, 20, 20);
}
```
2) (10 pts) Declare a float array, dimension it to hold 100 values, and fill it with random numbers. Print the numbers as they are generated and stored in the array.

3) (10 pts) Expand the previous program. After the array is fully initialized with random numbers, revisit each element in the array and multiply each by 2. Store each doubled value in the original array location.

4) (20 pts) Modify the previous program further. Move the part of your program that doubles the values in the array to a separate function. The new function should be called doubleIt(). It should take a float array as its only argument and return nothing. The body of the function should double each element of the array. Change your program to use this new function to double the values in the original float array.
Following is a function that draws a happy face. Use this function as the basis of a new class called HappyFace. The HappyFace class constructor should take x, y and diam variables that are stored in the class as fields. The class should have two methods called display() that draws itself on the sketch window, and update() that updates the position of the Face. The body of the display() method should closely follow the following happyFace() function. Test the class by creating a new instance of HappyFace positioned at the center of the sketch window and calling its display() method. The update() method can change x and or y however you want as long as the face remains within the bounds of the sketch.

// Draw happy face
void happyFace( float x, float y, float diam )
{
    // Face
    fill(255, 255, 0);
    stroke(0);
    strokeWeight(2);
    ellipseMode(CENTER);
    ellipse(x, y, diam, diam);

    // Smile
    float startAng = 0.1*PI;
    float endAng = 0.9*PI;
    float smileDiam = 0.6*diam;
    arc(x, y, smileDiam, smileDiam, startAng, endAng);

    // Eyes
    float offset = 0.2*diam;
    float eyeDiam = 0.1*diam;
    fill(0);
    ellipse(x-offset, y-offset, eyeDiam, eyeDiam);
    ellipse(x+offset, y-offset, eyeDiam, eyeDiam);
}